STATE OF WISCONSIN

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY SERVICES

DIVISION OF MANAGEMENT & TECHNOLOGY

BUREAU OF FISCAL SERVICES

#### ACCOUNTING PROCEDURE

TOPIC: Section 13Tax 4.0	EFFECTIVE DATE: 4/10/87
TITLE: IRS 1099 Reporting	REVISION DATE: 11/11/97
AUTHORIZED BY: Cheryl Thompson, Deputy Director	PAGE 1 OF 6

#### BACKGROUND

The Department of Health and Family Services (DHFS), in accordance with Federal Internal Revenue Service (IRS) regulations, is required to report certain payments in excess of \$600 per calendar year. A \$50 penalty will be imposed on DHFS for each failure to report the recipient's correct taxpayer identifications number (TIN) on an IRS 1099-MISC Form. Reportable payments (such as rents, medical or health care services, non-employe services, etc.) have been recorded by placing a specified code in the "1099 Code Field" on the detail line of the Invoice/Credit Memo Document (DMT-138). Non-reportable payments (such as rents to real estate agents, non-medical corporate services, government agencies, payments for merchandise) did not need to be coded as "1099 Reportable."

### POLICY

Effective for CY 1997, the WiSMART system will accumulate data from the Substitute W-9 form and the payment voucher to generate the totals for the IRS 1099-MISC annual reporting. Therefore, it will no longer be necessary to code this information on the Invoice/Credit memo document (DMT-138). The DDB and CARS subsystems will still need to be maintained for 1099-MISC information reporting.

#### PROCEDURE

1. A Substitute W-9, DMT-9013 (Attachment 1), Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) Verification Form is required from all vendors. A Federal W-9 Form (Attachment 2) will be accepted if sufficient information is provided for the Bureau of Fiscal Services to add the vendor to the WiSMART vendor table. (Refer to Section 6 - Purchasing 2.0 - Vendor Procedure.) The Substitute W-9 Form is submitted to the Vendor Validation Coordinator for set-up in both the FMS and WiSMART accounting systems.

2. The 1099 reportable status will be determined by the vendor's "Designation" status on the Substitute W-9 form and the "Account Class Code" on the payment voucher. Based on the information reported in these two fields, the WiSMART system will accumulate the necessary data to meet the IRS 1099 information reporting requirements.

Refer to the table below for some examples of how the 1099 reportable status is determined. For example, if a vendor reports its "Designation" as a "Corporation" and the vendor's invoice is for Medical Services, the voucher would be coded to account class 27260. Based on account class of 27260 and the vendor's designation as a corporation, this payment would be accumulated by the WiSMART System for 1099 reporting. If the same vendor provided professional services (account class 27400), the payment would not be accumulated. (Please note: the account classes and the designation types listed below are examples, they are not all inclusive.)

**DESIGNATION TYPES** 

YES

YES

YES

YES

YES

NO

YES

YES

YES

YES

YES

YES

# 1099 REPORTING SAMPLES

MEDICAL SERVICES

EYE EXAMS-SAFETY GLASSES

MISC SERVICES (NON-MEDICAL)

27260

37420

33000

ACCOUNT	DESCRIPTION	CORPOR-	INDI-	SOLE PRO-	PARTNER-
CLASS		ATIONS	VIDUALS	PRIETORS	SHIPS
23200	RENTS (Office Space) PROFESSIONAL SERVICES HONORARIUMS/WITNESS FEES LEGAL SERVICES	NO	YES	YES	YES
27400		NO	YES	YES	YES
27447		NO	YES	YES	YES
27550		NO	YES	YES	YES

Generally, <u>non</u>-reportable payment types are payments made to vendors that are designated corporations that do not provide medical services, payments made to government entities, payments for merchandise, or payments of rent to real estate agents. All other vendor type payments would be reportable. As illustrated above, different types of payments made to different types of vendors have different requirements to report. The IRS revises their reporting requirements annually. The WiSMART 1099 Reporting System will enable us to keep abreast of IRS revisions through annual updates to account class codes.

### ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Substitute W-9 Form
- 2. Federal W-9 Form

# REFERENCE

Purchasing 2.0 (New Vendor Procedure)

### CONTACT

Sally A. Acuff, Chief Special Services and Financial Statements (608) 266-9576

# ATTACHMENT 1

Substitute W-9

## TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (TIN) VERIFICATION



DMT - 9013 (1/97)

PRINT OR TYPE Complete instructions can be found on reverse side of this form	. This form can be made available in alternative formats to qualified individuals upon reques			
LEGAL NAME	ENTITY DESIGNATION (Check One):			
(As entered with IRS) If Sole Proprietorship enter your LAST, FIRST, MI	CORPORATION (Includes Service Corporations)  Are you engaged in the business of providing medical services?			
TRADE NAME	☐ Yes ☐ No			
If doing business as (D/B/A) or business name of Sole Proprietorship	☐ INDIVIDUAL			
PRIMARY ADDRESS (For return of 1099 Form)	☐ SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP			
PO or number and street	LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY			
City, State, Zip + 4	☐ GOVERNMENT ENTITY			
ORDER ADDRESS (Where order should be sent if different than above)	☐ HOSPITAL EXEMPT FROM TAX OR GOVERNMENT-OWNED			
PO or number and street	☐ LONG-TERM CARE FACILITY EXEMPT FROM TAX OR GOVERNMENT-OWNED			
City, State, Zip +4	☐ ALL OTHER ENTITIES			
REMIT ADDRESS (Where check should be sent if different than above)				
PO or number and street				
City, State, Zip +4				
TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (TIN) (Please fill in the blar (If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN you may enter either your S However, using your EIN may result in unnecessary notices to the requester.)	SN or EIN.			
	Agency No. 435			
(Check One Only ☐ Social Security Number (SSN) ☐ Employer Identification Number (EIN) ☐ Individual Taxpayer Identification Number for US	Contact: Vendor Validation Coordinator			
CERTIFICATION	Phone Number (608) 266-1768			
Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:  1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification numb  2. I am not subject to backup witholding because: a) I am exempt from backl been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to back	er, and nolding, or (b) I have not up witholding as a result of			
a failure to report all interest or dividents, or (c) IRS has notified me that I am backup withholding.	no longer subject to 1099 ☐ Yes ☐ No			
SignatureDate	VEND ☐ Addition ☐ Change			
TitlePhone (				
Please Print	Return this form to the address listed below:			
•				
	State of Wisconsin Dept of Health and Family Services			

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THIS FORM

### Legal Name As entered with IRS Individuals: Enter Last Name, First Name, MI

Sole Proprietorships: Enter Last Name, First Name, MI

All Others: Enter Legal Name of Business

# Trade Name

Individuals: Leave Blank Sole Proprietorships: Enter Business Name

All Others: Complete only if doing Business as a D/B/A

# Order Address

Address where order should be sent if different from primary address

# Remit Address

Address where payment should be sent if different from primary address

# **Entity Designation**

Check ONE box which describes you as an individual, or your type of business entity.

# Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Social Security Number OR Employer Identification Number LIST ONLY ONE:

OR Individual Taxpayer Identification Number for U.S. Resident Aliens (ITIN)

If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. Individuals use federal form SS-05 which can be obtained from the Social Security Administration. Businesses and all other entities use federal form SS-4 which can be obtained from the Internal Revenue Service.

Certification The person signing this document should be a partner in the partnership, an officer of the corporation, or the individual or sole proprietor listed under legal name.

**Penalties** If you fail to furnish your correct Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of Federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

**Privacy Act Notice** Section 6109 requires you to furnish your correct TIN to persons who must file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, and certain other income paid to you, mortgage interest you paid, the acquisition or abandonment of secured property, or contributions you made to an IRA. The IRS uses the numbers for identification purposes and to help verify the accuracy of your tax return. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Payers must generally withhold 31% of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not furnish a TIN to a payer. Certain penalties may also apply.

# ATTACHMENT 2

Department of the Treasury

# Request for Taxpayer **Identification Number and Certification**

Give form to the requester. Do NOT send to the IRS.

110	THE PROPERTY CO. THE			_				
<b>.</b>	Name (if a joint account or you changed your name, see S	pecifi	c Instructions of	paq	je 2.)			
<u>\$</u>	Business name, if different from above. (See Specific Instructions on page 2.)							
	Check appropriate box: Individual/Sole proprietor		Corporation		Partnership	☐ Other ►		
00001	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)					. Requester's	s name and address (optional)	
_	City, state, and ZIP code							
P	art Taxpayer Identification Number	(TIN)	) ·			List accour	t number(s) here (optional)	
nd SS Solde de No Sec	ter your TIN in the appropriate box. For ividuals, this is your social security number SN). However, if you are a resident alien OR a e proprietor, see the instructions on page 2. rother entities, it is your employer intification number (EIN). If you do not have a mber, see How To Get a TIN on page 2. te: If the account is in more than one name, as the chart on page 2 for guidelines on whose mber to enter.	Soc	oloyer identificat	±	number	Part II	For Payees Exempt From Backup Withholding (See the instructions on page 2.)	
	art III Certification	***************************************	·					

Here

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

- 1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and
- I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding.

Certification Instructions.—You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement

arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the Certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. (See the instructions on page 2.) Sign

Purpose of Form.—A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must get your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid,

Signature >

acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 to give your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- Certify the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued).
- 2. Certify you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are an exempt payee.

Note: If a requester gives you a form other than a W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

What Is Backup Withholding?—Persons making certain payments to you must withhold and pay to the IRS 31% of such payments under certain conditions. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

If you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return, payments you receive will not be subject to backup withholding. Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester, or
- 2. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN, or
- 3. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 4. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 3 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only), or

5. You do not certify your TIN when required. See the Part III instructions on page 2 for details.

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the Part II instructions and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form

### **Penalties**

Date ►

Failure To Furnish TIN .- If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil Penalty for False Information With Respect to Withholding.—If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

**Criminal Penalty for Falsifying** Information.— Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs.—If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of Federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.